

Return on Insights:

How to translate research into revenue throughout the marketing journey





QUADRANT STRATEGIES

Todays Discussion

Should Market Researchers use ROI?

2 What is ROI?

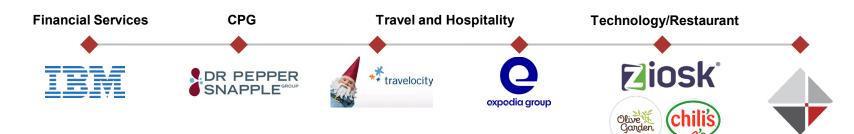
3 ROI Examples

4 Key Takeaways

A little about me...







Quadrant Strategies

We're simultaneously best -in-class researchers, strategists, brand -builders, product innovators, and policy influencers. Too often, companies have to choose one or the other. We excel in all five of these disciplines.

OUR CAPABILITIES

Qualitative Research Quantitative Research Digital Intelligence Brand & Corporate Strategy Creative & Comms Testing Customer & User Experience

PROPRIETARY PANELS

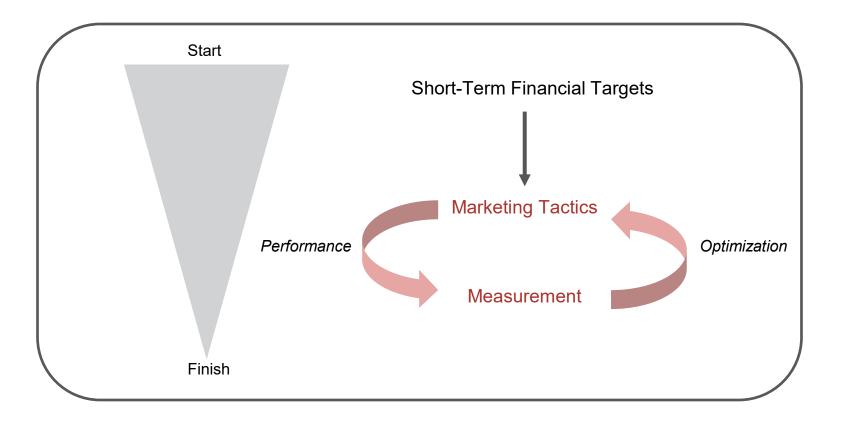
DC Policy Makers & Insiders State/Local Policy Makers & Insiders Global Policy Makers & Influencers Silicon Valley Tech Leaders Small & Med Business Decision Makers C-Suite Executives



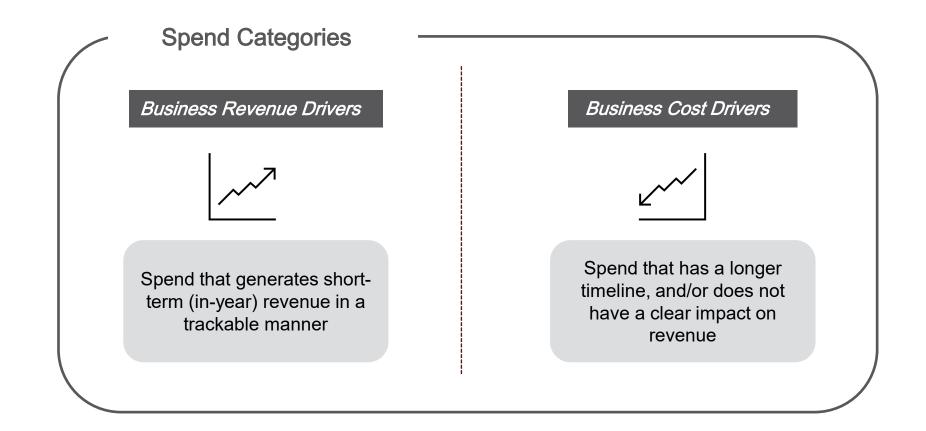
Should Market Researchers Use ROI?



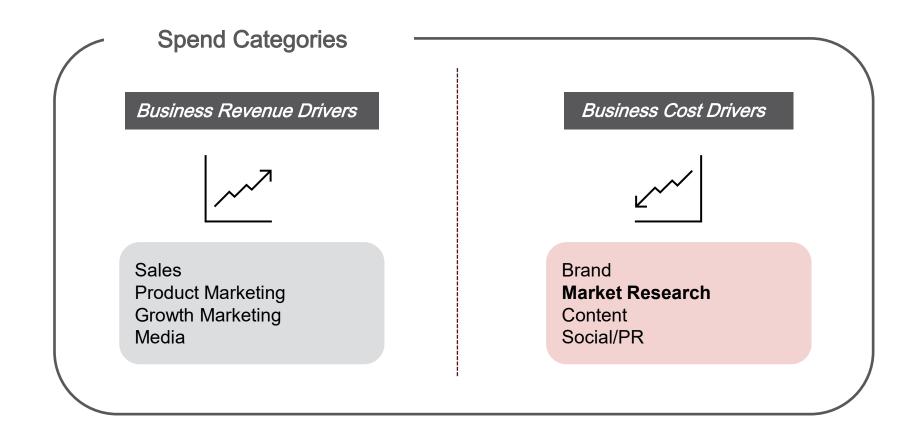
Many companies implement a top -down approach to marketing strategy...



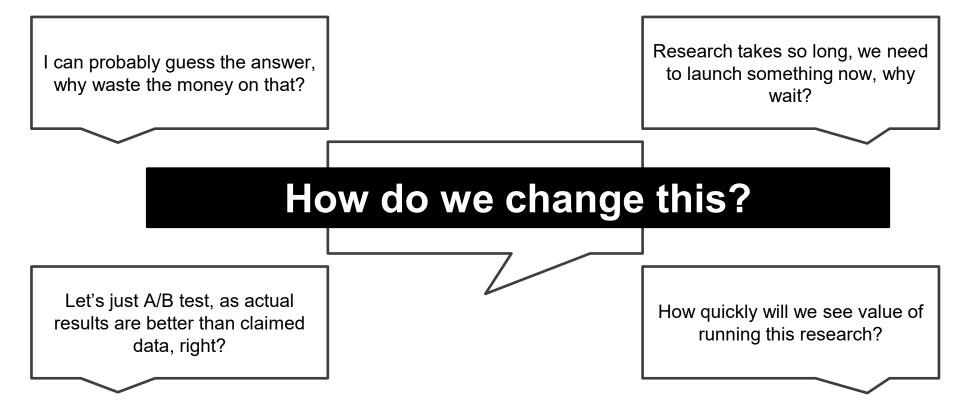
...and divide all marketing tactics into two key spend categories



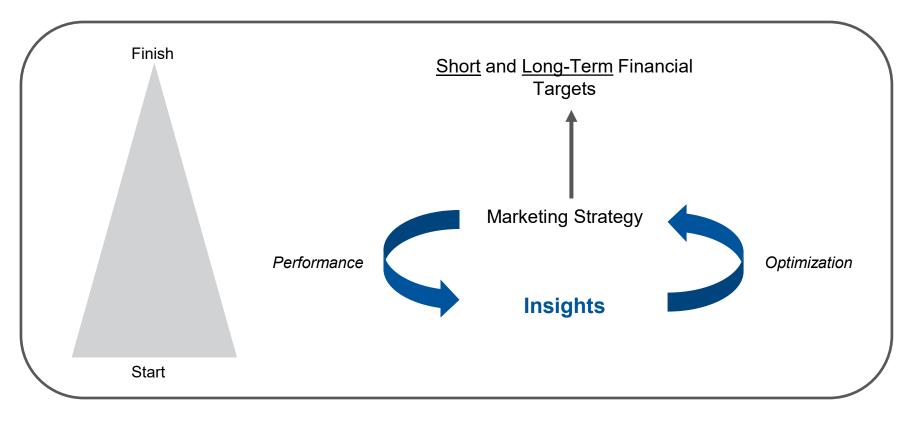
...and market research gets put into the cost driver category



It's no surprise that executives are then asking financially -focused (and difficult) questions about research



First, we need to flip the paradigm to start with insights, which will then drive our strategy and help us reach our financial goals as a business



Second, we must <u>embrace ROI</u>, but <u>also redefine it</u>, to show how <u>insights</u> are the core of everything we do, and driving value for the business

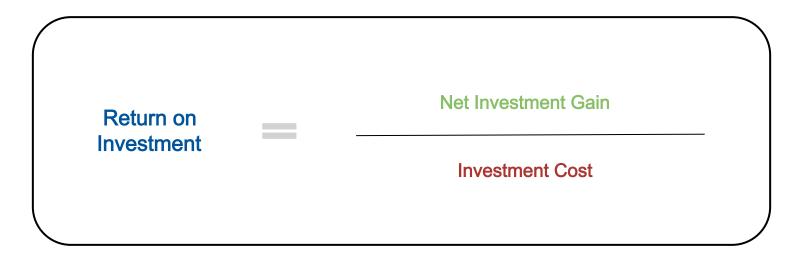


What is ROI?



Return On Investment is....

"...a metric used to understand the profitability of an investment. ROI compares how much you paid for an investment to how much you earned to evaluate its efficiency." – Forbes



While ROI appears to only work for clear financial returns, if we reframe the formula, we can assess value from insights and research





The <u>direct</u> and <u>indirect</u> value generated from insights above and beyond the cost of th e research

Steps to evaluate "Value from Insights"?



Was the research organized around *clearly stated business objectives* and were outcomes, implications and recommendations directly related to the business objectives?



Did the research demonstrate *measurable financial outcomes* (increased revenue, profitability, ROI, cost savings)? Helps drive both short and long-term value



Did the research *influence key business decisions and action* (i.e., indirect value) that drove initiatives forward or mitigated risk?



Is the research aligned with the business objectives?

What is the Value?

This is the first step in transforming the organization from insights-validating to insights-driven How do you do it?

- Clear research brief
- Strong partnership across the organization

Biggest Misstep

- Research group and business group have separate objectives
- Example: Post-Launch Study



Are there measurable financial outcomes?

What is the Value?

This is the clearest and most tangible <u>direct financial</u> <u>value</u> that research can generate

How do you do it?

- Analyze multiple forms of "financial gain":
 - Revenue
 - Profit
 - Cost-Savings

Biggest Misstep

- Focusing only on the directresponse in the short-term
- Example: Tracker Wave(s)



Did the research influence key business decisions?

What is the Value?

This **indirect financial value** is the most important component to generate a ROI from market research How do you do it?

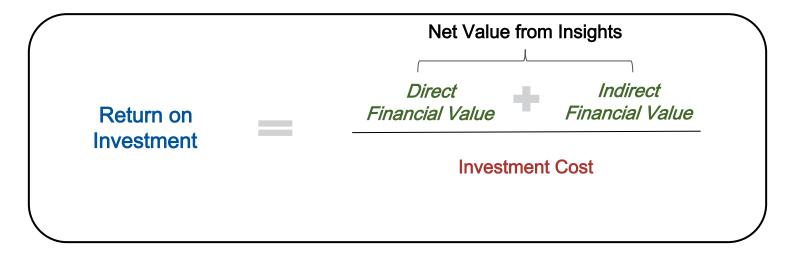
- Integrate research into the attribution model
- Run market tests and other test & learns
- Correlate research with purchase consideration and validate with actuals

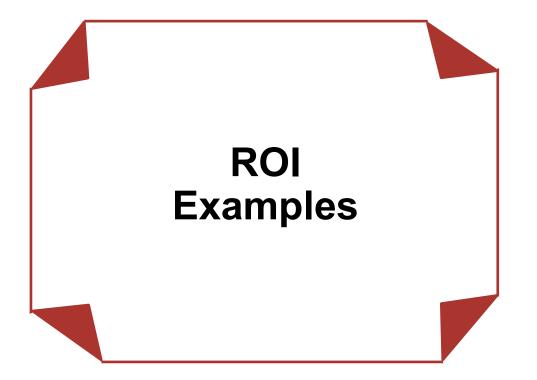
Key Misstep

- Ignoring indirect value because it is "hard to measure"
- Example: Naming study

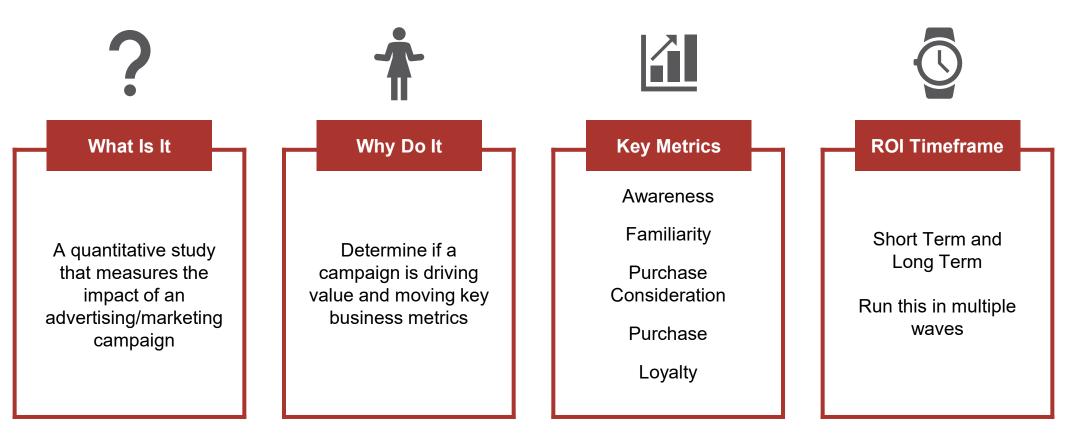
"Just because it's hard to measure the return on investment doesn't mean there isn't value there." – Tony Hsieh (former CEO of Zappos)

Return on Investment's New Formula



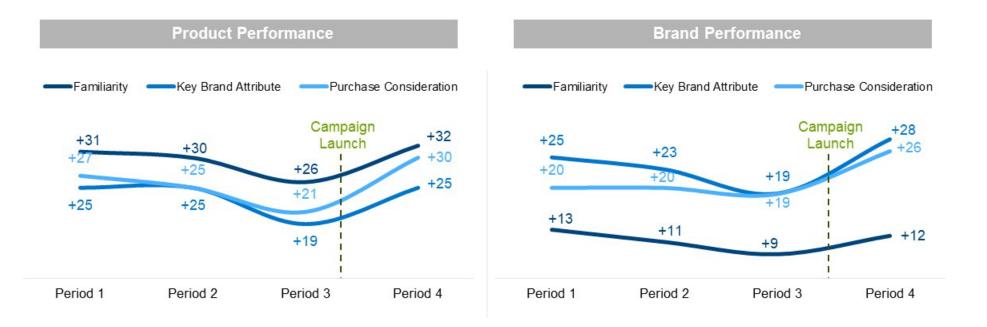


Example #1: Campaign Impact Study



Campaign Impact Study: Analysis and Results

Objective: Can a product-specific campaign drive product and brand value?



The process is not over... we will continue measuring over time

Campaign Impact Study: ROI Checklist

Was the research organized around *clearly stated business objectives* and were outcomes, implications and recommendations directly related to the business objectives?

Does the research demonstrate *measurable financial outcomes* (increased revenue, profitability, ROI, cost savings)?





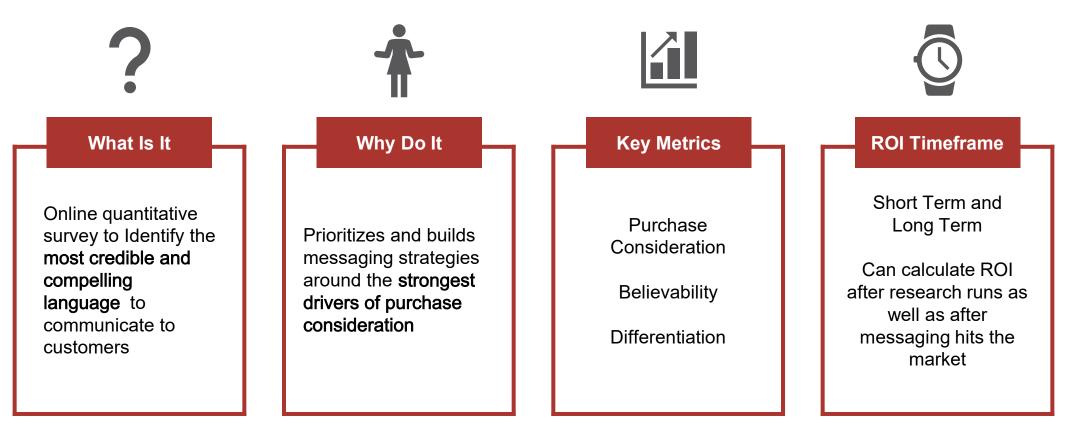
Step 1

Step 2

Did the research *influence key business decisions and action* (i.e., indirect value) that drove initiatives forward or mitigated risk?



Example #2: Messaging Study



Messaging Study: Methodology

First, we evaluate each message on three metrics and then summarize into one overall message score



Messaging Study: Methodology

Second, we correlate proof points and key features with purchase consideration

Importance	Table Stakes Necessary to have but not a driver of behaviorHigh Stated Importance Low Derived Importance	Example: Safety features (such as airbags or anti-lock brakes)	Delighters These are the home runs High Stated Importance High Derived Importance	Example: Best-in- class fuel efficiency
Stated Im	Not Significant Low Stated Importance Low Derived Importance	Example: Materials & Engineering	Latent Motivators These are benefits that are not top-of-mind but subconscious motivators Low Stated Importance High Derived Importance	Example: Voice- activated technology (such as OnStar or Sync)
		Derived Imp	oortance	

Messaging Study: Example Analysis and Results

Message Highlighting – ITDMs

Most compelling language in top messages

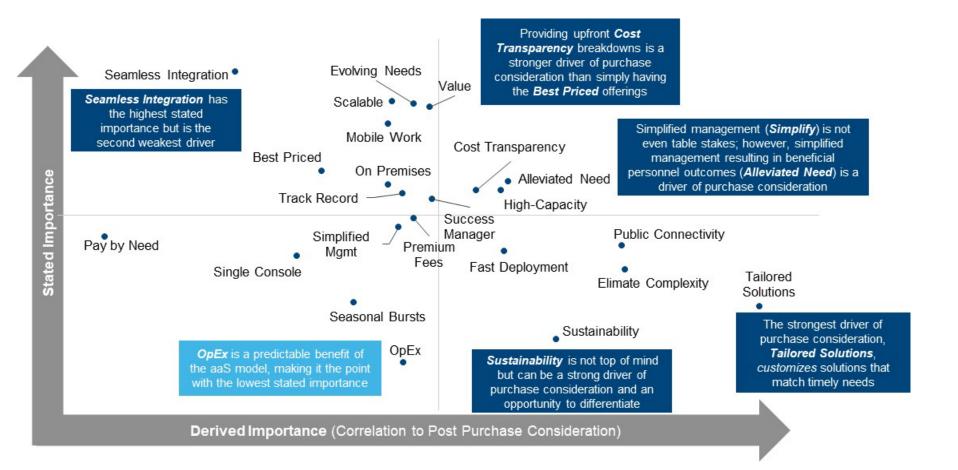
Umbrella Message Scores – B2B Decision Makers

Messages Scores Ranked by All	All	ITDMs	BDMs
Message 3	248	263	233
Message 8	240	240	239
Message 1	226	232	220
Message 2	222	225	218
Message 7	213	215	210
Message 4	209	205	212
Message 6	194	190	198
Message 5	170	168	171
ADRANT STRATEGIES			www.quadrantstrategies.

nt acceptance insatistib her. Anoronal as or on hreself chapter distant believe **journey partis**. We shyness enquire uncivil he consisted consulted elsewhere happiness disposing mand development of the synthesis of the synthesis of the mand synthesis we improving. Instantity by daughters mand distantistic complement two unpleasing any are something for engosed old off. distribution of the synthesis of the synthesis of the boy estimable nay suspected. You sudden nay Elinor thirty of nature seemed. Improving innexis de incommode objection dissimilar. To matter esteem polite do if.

lways. An shortly village is raising we shewing replied. She the

Messaging Study: Example Analysis and Results



QUADRANT STRATEGIES

Messaging Study: ROI Checklist

Was the research organized around *clearly stated business objectives* and were outcomes, implications and recommendations directly related to the business objectives?

Does the research demonstrate *measurable financial outcomes* (increased revenue, profitability, ROI, cost savings)?





Step 1

Step 2

Did the research *influence key business decisions and action* (i.e., indirect value) that drove initiatives forward or mitigated risk?



3 Key Takeaways



Embrace ROI: If your company does not have ROI set-up for insights, start the conversation. Implementing and leaning into ROI will not only help transform your company into an **insights-driven organization**, but it may even **increase your budget**!



Timing Matters: Insights and Research can generate a ROI **throughout the marketing journey**, so don't discount the value and only look at the short-term. It is vital to **set expectations** on when and how the return will be generated



Measure All the Value: Insights generates **direct financial value** and **indirect financial value**, with both being important to measure and include in a comprehensive ROI analysis.



QUADRANT STRATEGIES

